



**UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL**  
B.Sc. Major 1st Semester Examination, 2024

**UPHYMAJ11001-PHYSICS**

**MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS-I**

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 40

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

**GROUP-A**

1. Answer any *five* questions from the following:  $1 \times 5 = 5$

(a) Determine the constant 'a' so that the vector  $\vec{V} = (x+3y)\hat{i} + (y-2z)\hat{j} + (x+az)\hat{k}$  is solenoidal.

(b) A scalar field is defined as  $\phi(x, y, z) = 4yz^3 + 3xyz - z^2 + 2$ . Find out  $\phi(1, -1, 2)$ .

(c) A particle moves along a curve  $x = e^{-t}$ ,  $y = 2\cos 3t$ ,  $z = 2\sin 3t$  [ $t$  = time]. Find out its velocity at any time.

(d) Find out  $\vec{\nabla}\phi$  if  $\phi = \ln |\vec{r}|$ , where  $\vec{r} = x\hat{i} + y\hat{j} + z\hat{k}$ .

(e) Find out the square of the element of arc length  $ds^2$  in cylindrical co-ordinates  $(\rho, \phi, z)$ .

(f) Find out the order and degree of the equation  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 5\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^3 + 8 = 0$ .

(g) Find out the value of  $\iint_S \frac{\vec{r} \cdot \vec{dS}}{r^3}$  where  $\vec{r}$  is the position vector and  $S$  is a closed surface enclosing the origin.

(h) The point of application of a force  $\vec{F} = 5\hat{i} + 10\hat{j} + 15\hat{k}$  is displaced from the point  $(1, 0, 3)$  to the point  $(4, -1, -6)$ . Find out the work done by the force.

**GROUP-B**

Answer any *three* questions from the following

$5 \times 3 = 15$

2. If  $\vec{F} = 4x\hat{i} - y^2\hat{j} + yz\hat{k}$ , evaluate  $\iint_S \vec{F} \cdot \hat{n} dS$ , where  $S$  is the surface of the cube

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bounded by  $(x=0, x=1)$ ,  $(y=0, y=1)$ ,  $(z=0, z=1)$  and  $\hat{n}$  is a unit vector normal to the surface element  $dS$ .

3. Express  $\operatorname{curl} \vec{A} = \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{A}$  in the spherical polar (orthogonal) co-ordinate system. 5

4. Solve the differential equation:

$$\sin x \frac{dy}{dx} - y \cos x + y^2 = 0$$

5. If  $\vec{A} = \hat{i}(xy + y^2) + \hat{j}(2y - 3xy)$ , determine  $\oint \vec{A} \cdot d\vec{r}$  along the triangle  $\Delta PQR$ , where the position co-ordinates of  $P$ ,  $Q$  and  $R$  are  $(0, 0)$ ,  $(2, 0)$  and  $(2, 1)$ , respectively. 5

6. (a) Determine  $\vec{\nabla} \cdot (r^n \vec{r})$ . What is the value of  $n$  for which  $r^n \vec{r}$  is a solenoidal vector? 2+1

(b) Determine the unit vector perpendicular to the plane  $x^2 + 3y^2 + 2z^2 = 6$  at the point  $(2, 0, 1)$ . 2

### **GROUP-C**

**Answer any two questions from the following**

$$10 \times 2 = 20$$

8. Solve the following initial-value problems.  $5 \times 2 = 10$

(a)  $2y'' + 5y' + 3y = 0$ ,  $y(0) = 3$ ,  $y'(0) = -4$

(b)  $y'' + 16y = 0$ ,  $y(\pi/4) = -3$ ,  $y'(\pi/4) = 4$

9. (a) Find out the directional derivative of  $\phi$ , where  $\phi(x, y, z) = x^2y^2z^2$ , at the point  $(1, -1, 2)$  along the vector  $\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ . 4

(b) If  $\vec{v} = \vec{\omega} \times \vec{r}$ , where  $\vec{\omega}$  is a constant vector and  $\vec{r}$  is the position vector, then show that  $\vec{\omega} = \frac{1}{2}(\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{v})$ . 4

(c) Evaluate  $\bar{\nabla} \times \left( \frac{\bar{r}}{r^2} \right)$ . 2

10.(a) The force  $\vec{F} = (-3\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 5\hat{k})$  acts at the point  $(7\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + \hat{k})$ . Calculate the torque about the point  $(0, 10, 0)$ . 4

(b) Show that the closed path line integral of the vector  $\vec{A} = -y\hat{i} + x\hat{j}$  is equal to twice the area enclosed by the closed path. 3

(c) Prove that  $\vec{\nabla}(\vec{A} \cdot \vec{r}) = \vec{A}$ , where  $\vec{A}$  is a constant vector and  $\vec{r}$  is the position vector. 3

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