



समाजो मन्त्र: समीक्षा: समानी

**UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL**

B.A. Major 1st Semester Examination, 2024

## **POLSMAJ101-POLITICAL SCIENCE**

### **UNDERSTANDING POLITICAL THEORY**

Time Allotted: 2 Hours 30 Minutes

Full Marks: 60

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

#### **GROUP-A**

**Answer any two questions from the following**

$10 \times 2 = 20$

1.	Define Political Theory. Make a distinction between Political Theory and Political Philosophy.	2+8
2.	“The history of all hitherto existing society is the history of class struggles” — Discuss the Marxist Approach in the light of the above statement.	10
3.	Define State. Discuss the various elements of State.	3+7
4.	Analyse the concept of Equality. How far liberty, equality and justice are compatible with each other?	2+8

#### **GROUP-B**

**Answer any three questions from the following**

$6 \times 3 = 18$

5.	Discuss the major features of the Behavioural Approach to the study of Political Science.	6
6.	Point out the differences between Monistic and Pluralistic theory.	6
7.	Discuss the main tenets of Idealist theory of State.	6
8.	Write a note on the relationship between State and Society.	6
9.	Briefly discuss the major characteristics of Socialism.	6
10.	Briefly analyse the concept of Positive Liberty.	6

#### **GROUP-C**

11.	Write short notes on any four of the following:	$3 \times 4 = 12$
(a)	Empirical Approach	3
(b)	Social Contract theory of the Origin of the state	3
(c)	De-jure and De-facto Sovereignty	3
(d)	Concept of justice	3
(e)	Characteristics of Liberalism	3
(f)	Nationalism as a Political ideal.	3

**GROUP-D**

12. Write the correct answers from the options given below:

$1 \times 10 = 10$

(i) "Man is by nature a Political animal" was quoted by:  
(A) Plato      (B) Socrates      (C) Cicero      (D) Aristotle

(ii) Which of the following approach is part of traditional approaches to Political theory?  
(A) Class      (B) Philosophical      (C) Scientific      (D) Liberal

(iii) "Behavioural approach was a Protest movement in Political Science" is quoted by:  
(A) Robert H. Dahl      (B) David Easton  
(C) Charles Merriam      (D) None of them

(iv) Which of the following is not an element of State?  
(A) Government      (B) Territory      (C) Sovereignty      (D) Politics

(v) The life of man in Hobbes' "state of nature" was:  
(A) Bright      (B) Peaceful      (C) Industrious      (D) Poor

(vi) In popular sovereignty the ultimate source of authority is from:  
(A) God      (B) Government      (C) Community      (D) People

(vii) The term 'liberty' means:  
(A) rights      (B) authority      (C) Pluralism      (D) Freedom

(viii) In his defense to individual liberty, John Locke proposed for:  
(A) Full sovereign state      (B) Unlimited government  
(C) Socialist state      (D) Limited government

(ix) 'Two concepts of Liberty' was an essay written by:  
(A) Isaiah Berlin      (B) Voltaire      (C) Amartya Sen      (D) Karl Popper

(x) John Locke is associated with which theory of rights?  
(A) legal rights      (B) natural rights      (C) collective rights      (D) state rights

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